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JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT **TEST-2 EXAMINATION-OCTOBER 2019**

B.Tech VII Semester

COURSE CODE: 10B13CE735

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: Dam and Reservoir Design

COURSE CREDITS: 03

MAX. TIME: 1.5Hr

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means. Assume suitable data wherever required.

1. A contour survey of a reservoir site gives the following data:

220 Contour R.L.(m) 200 34.0 18.1 6.0 Area (hec)

The capacity of the reservoir up to 200 m elevation is found to be 14.1 hec-m. Determine the general equation for the area-elevation curve and capacity-elevation curve. Also determine the reservoir capacity at RL 225 m.

2. The prior water rights make it obligatory to release the full natural flow or 12 hec-m whichever is lesser. If the increased net pool area is 100 hectares, find the storage capacity of the reservoir assuming that only 70% of the rainfall on the catchment area has been restored by the reservoir.

Month	Inflow at dam site(ha-m)	Evaporation losses(cm)	Precipitation(cm)	Demand(ha-m)
January	5	1.5	1.5	16
February	5	1.5	2.0	15
March	0	2.4	0.5	10
April	0	9.0	0	05
May	0	15.0	0	04
June	15	5.0	2.0	04
July	300	10.0	20	06
August	500	11.0	20	06
September	100	10.0	10	. 10
October	. 15	9.0	02	16
November	1 06	7.5	0	16
December	01	2.0	0	16
				[6]

- 3. A masonry dam 10 m in height is trapezoidal in section with a top width of 1 m and bottom width of 8.25 m. The face exposed to water has a batter of 1H:10V. The maximum water surface touches the top of the dam. Check for the stability of the dam under following criterion:
 - (a) Factor of safety against overturning
 - (b) Factor of safety against sliding
 - (c) Shear friction factor
 - (d) Vertical and shear stresses at the toe and heel

Take coefficient of friction as 0.75, unit weight of masonry as 2240 kg/m³ and permissible shear stress [9] of joint as14kg/cm². Show proper calculations.

4. Showing proper stress distribution figures, derive the equation for principal and shear stress at heel [6] and toe with proper explanation.