## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -1 EXAMINATIONS-2022

M.Sc-III Semester (Microbiology)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 21MS1MB312

MAX. MARKS: 15

COURSE NAME: DIAGNOSTIC MICROBIOLOGY AND VACCINES

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Dr. Rahul Shrivastava

MAX. TIME: 1 Hour

Note: All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question in square brackets.

Q1. Three series of precipitation reactions were performed simultaneously with constant concentration of antibody and increasing concentration of antigen provided below:

[3]

- A. Antibody = 1M; Antigen = 0.5M
- B. Antibody = 1M; Antigen = 1.0M
- C. Antibody = 1M; Antigen = 2.0M

Draw the three precipitin curves that would be obtained, in a single graph. Discuss the position of the curves obtained.

Q2. Explain the following:

[1.5+1.5+1=4]

- a. Prozone Phenomenon
- b. Zeta Potenial
- c. Antibody Titer
- Q3. Provide suitable justification in support of the statements provided:

[1 X 5 = 5]

- a. Common milk powder can be used as a blocking agent in western blot experiments.
- b. Use of two antibodies in Sandwich ELISA increases the detection specificity of the antigen.
- c. Monoclonal antibodies are commonly used for detection of antigens in Direct ELISA
- d. Polyclónal antibodies are commonly used as capture antibodies in Sandwich ELISA.
- e. Use of a colourless substrate and colourless enzyme is inevitable for ELISA, which produce a colored product.
- Q4. You have been provided with a mixture of proteins. Suggest a method which you may use for separation of individual components of the mixture, followed by detection of an antigen in the mixture provided. Enlist all steps with their brief description. [3]