Dr. Rowinders

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST-1 EXAMINATION- 2019

B.Tech (CSE &IT)

COURSE CODE: 17B1WCI814

MAX. MARKS: 15

COURSE NAME: Design and Analysis of Real World Algorithms

COURSE CREDITS: 3

MAX. TIME: 1 Hr

Note: All questions are compulsory.

- 1. Explain the working of ID3 algorithm with the help of an example? [3 Marks]
- 2. In what ways can a hash value be secured so as to provide message authentication? [3 Marks]
- 3. What is the need for digital signatures? Explain important properties of digital signatures. [3 Marks]
- 4. Apply the candidate elimination (CE) algorithm to the sequence of training examples specified in Table A and name the contents of the sets S and G after each step. [3 Marks]

Table A: List of training instances for the medical diagnosis task

Training	running nose	coughing	reddened skin	Classification
d1	+	+	+//	positive (ill)
d2	+	+ 4	2	positive (ill)
d3	+	-	+	negative (healthy)
d4	-	+ ()	} +	negative (healthy)
d5		- 1000	+	negative (healthy)
d6	-	. 4 \/\"		negative (healthy)

5. Given that the attribute Sky has three possible values, and that AirTemp, Humidity, Wind, Water, and Forecast each have two possible values.

Table A: The *EnjoySport* concept learning task

Sky (with possible values Sunny, Cloudy,	and Rainy)
AirTemp (with values Warm and Cold)	
Humidity (with values Normal and High)	,
Wind (with values Strong and Weak),	
Water (with values Warm and Cool), and	
Forecast (with values Same and Change)	

Explain why the size of the hypothesis space in the *EnjoySport* learning task is 973. How would the number of possible instances and possible hypotheses increase with the addition of the attribute **Watercurrent**, which can take on the values *Light*, *Moderate*, or *Strong*? More generally, how does the number of possible instances and hypotheses grow with the addition of a new attribute A that takes on k possible values? [3 Marks]