## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

## TEST -3 EXAMINATION- 2025

B.Tech- IV Semester (ECE, CSE)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 18B11EC413 (4)

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: Modern Analog and Digital Communication

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Dr. Alok Kumar

MAX. TIME: 2 Hours

Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

Q.No	Question	CO	Marks	
Q1	Explain how image frequency signals are received in a superheterodyne receiver. How can these signals be rejected? For an AM superheterodyne receiver the IF frequency is 700 KHz. Determine the image frequency at received signal frequency of 940 KHz.	1	3	
Q2	How PPM signals can be generated from PAM signals?	2.	3	1
Q3	What is Intersymbol interference (ISI)? What are different ways to reduce the effects of ISI?	4	3	
Q4	An audio signal $m(t) = 3\cos(2\pi 500t)$ is quantized using 10 bit PCM. Determine the signal to quantization noise ratio in dB?	3	3	
Q5	Why is predictor used in DPCM? What is the advantage of DPCM over PCM?	3	3	
Q6	Draw the waveform for binary data sequence 1110010 using  a) Unipolar RZ  b) Polar NRZ, c) Polar RZ d) Manchester e) Differential Manchester f) Bipolar AMI RZ	3	3	
Q7	What is digital modulation? How is it different from analog modulation? What are the difference between Bit rate and Baud rate? Sketch the waveform for the binary sequence 11001 using:  a) FSK, and b) PSK	4	4 .	
Ó8	What is a matched filter? State the purpose of a matched filter in digital communication. What is the impulse response of a matched filter?	5	4	
Q9	Explain the working principal of delta modulation with the help of a suitable block diagram and necessary equations. What are errors occur in delta modulation?	5	5	

Q10	Consider an analog input signal to PCM whose bandwidth is limited to 4 KHz and varies in amplitude from -3.8V to +3.8V, with an average	4
	power of 30mW. The required signal to quantization error ratio is	
	given to be 20dB. Assuming uniform quantization, determine the	
	number of bits required per sample.	