## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -3 EXAMINATIONS- 2025

## M.Sc-IV Semester (BT)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 20MSWBT431 (2.0.0)

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: VACCINES

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Dr. Tyson

MAX. TIME: 2 Hours

Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

Q.No	Question	Marks
Q1	Tuberculosis remains a major global health challenge despite widespread use	3+2+4
	of the BCG vaccine.	
	a. Analyze the pathogenesis of Mycobacterium tuberculosis in the context of	
	latent versus active disease.	
	b. Evaluate the limitations of the BCG vaccine in providing long-term	
	protection, particularly in adults.	
	c. Discuss potential strategies and vaccines against tuberculosis based on	
	current understanding of host-pathogen interaction	
Q2	Compare the immunogenicity and public health impact of different HPV	4
	vaccine and critically assess the challenges in implementing HPV	
	vaccination programs, particularly in low- and middle-income countries.	
Q3	Discuss the role of delivery systems in enhancing the stability, targeting, and	4
	immunogenicity of vaccine antigens. Compare different vaccine delivery	
	platforms in terms of their interaction with the immune system.	
Q4	Despite decades of control efforts, malaria continues to cause significant	3+4
	morbidity and mortality.	
	a. Examine how the complex life cycle of Plasmodium falciparum	
	complicates vaccine development.	
	b. Compare the RTS,S/AS01 vaccine with newer candidates in terms of	managa a toki ka
	efficacy, target antigens, and immunization schedules.	
Q5	A patient infected with the influenza virus experiences rapid onset of fever,	5
	fatigue, and respiratory symptoms. Although the virus initially evades	
	immune detection, the host eventually clears the infection. Describe the	
	sequence of immunological events that occur from the point of viral entry to	
	clearance. In your response, emphasize the coordination between innate and	
	adaptive immune component.	
Q6	T cell development in the thymus is a tightly regulated process essential for	3+3

generating a functional and self-tolerant T cell repertoire.

- a. Outline the key stages of T cell maturation in the thymus, including the role of surface markers in lineage commitment.
- b. Discuss the importance of positive and negative selection in shaping the T cell repertoire.

Page 2 of 2