

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

TEST -I EXAMINATION- 2023

B.Tech-III Semester (CE)

COURSE CODE(CREDITS): 18B11CE 312 (3)

MAX. MARKS: 15

COURSE NAME: SURVEYING

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Ashish Kumar

MAX. TIME: 1 Hour

*Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.*

*(b) Marks are indicated against each question in square brackets.*

*(c) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems.*

- Q1. Answer the following briefly. [CO1]**
- (a) Explain the fundamental principles of surveying. [1]
  - (b) Differentiate between plane surveying and geodetic surveying with their salient features. [1]
  - (c) What do mean by RF? Provide an example of the same. [0.5]
  - (d) What do you understand by offsets? How many offsets you will prefer for wire fencing? [0.5]
  - (e) What do you understand by shrinkage factor in map? Explain with a suitable example. [1]
- Q2. What do you understand by Ranging? How will you range a chain line if end stations are not inter-visible? Explain the procedure. [CO2]** [3]
- Q3. What do you understand by compass traversing? Differentiate between whole circle bearing and Quadrantal bearing. [CO2]** [2]
- Q4. A distance of 2000 m was measured by a 30 m chain. After on, it was detected that chain was 0.1 m too long. Another 500 m (total 2500 m) was measured and it was detected that the chain was 0.15 m too long. If the length of the chain in the initial stage was correct, determine the exact length that was measured. [CO6]** [2]
- Q5. A steel tape 20 m long is standardized at 55°F with a pull of 25 Kg and used for measuring a base line. Find the correction per tape length, if the temperature at the time of measurement was 80°F and the pull executed was 38Kg. Unit weight of steel is 7.86 g/cc, weight of tape is 0.8Kg and Modulus of Elasticity  $E = 2.11 \times 10^6 \text{ Kg/cm}^2$ . Coefficient of thermal expansion is  $6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ per } ^\circ\text{F}$ . [CO6]** [4]